	YEAR ONE						
	50 Things	'SUPERHEROES' British Value Individual Liberty	'TOY STORY' British Value Respectful	'STOMP STOMP DINOSAUR British Value	'UP UP AND AWAY' British Value Democracy	'RUMBLE IN THE JUNGLE' British Value	'LAND AHOY' British Value Rule of Law
	TOPIC(S) / British Value / 5	50 Things 31. Receive an award from school 34. Take part in a sporting competition	50 Things 3. Perform on stage 31. Receive an award from school 34. Take part in a sporting competition	Tolerance 50 Things 31. Receive an award from school 34. Take part in a sporting competition	50 Things 8. Dress up for World Book Day 31. Receive an award from school 32 Watch an egg hatch 34. Take part in a sporting competition 49. Read a book somewhere unusual 37. Plant it, Grow it, Eat it	Individual Liberty 50 Things 31. Receive an award from school 34. Take part in a sporting competition	50 Things 31. Receive an award from school 34. Take part in a sporting competition
	ENGLISH	READING SPINE 'Elliot, Midnight Superhero' by Anne Cottinger WRITING TO ENTERTAIN Character profile Story based on known structure – Superhero Story	READING SPINE 'Traction Man is here' by Mini Grey WRITING TO ENTERTAIN Character and setting description Story set in a familiar setting WRITING POETRY Onomatopoeic Poems (Fireworks) <u>Crackle, Spit</u>	READING SPINE 'Dear Dinosaur WRITING TO INFORM Instructions – fruit smoothie / fruit salad Recount – diary entry	READING SPINE 'Jack and The Beanstalk' by Carol Ottolenghi WRITING TO ENTERTAIN Character and setting description Story using Traditional Tale structure WRITING POETRY Acrostic Poems (Names) <u>Olivia</u>	READING SPINE 'Where the Wild Things Are' by Maurice Sendark WRITING TO INFORM Informal Letter Postcard Recount – diary entry	READING SPINE Giant Jelly Jaws and the Pirates ' by Helen Bough WRITING TO ENTERTAIN Character and setting description Story with a simple setting – Pirate Story WRITING POETRY Pyramid Poems (Pirates) <u>A Bee</u>
YEAR ONE	MATHS	NUMBER: Place Value (within 10) NUMBER: Addition and Subtraction (within 10) GEOMETRY: Shape NUMBER: Place Value (within 20)		NUMBER: Addition and Subtraction (within 20) NUMBER: Place value (within 50) – (Multiples of 2,5 and 10 to be included) MEASUREMENT: Length and Height MEASUREMENT: Weight and Volume		NUMBER: Multiplication and Division (Reinforce multiples of 2, 5 and 10 to be included) NUMBER: Fractions GEOMETRY: Position and Direction NUMBER: Place value (within 100) MEASUREMENT: Money MEASUREMENT: Time	

	EVERYDAY MATERIALS	ANIMALS, INCLUDING		ANIMALS, INCLUDING	
	Distinguish between an object and the material from which	HUMANS	PLANTS	HUMANS	SEASONAL CHANGES
	it is made	Pupils should be taught to:	Identify and name a variety	Pupils should be taught to:	Observe changes across
		Identify and name	, , ,	Identify and name	the four seasons
	Identify and name a variety of everyday materials,	a variety of common	of common wild and garden	a variety of common	Observe and describe
	including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock	animals including fish,	plants, including deciduous	animals including fish,	weather associated with
	Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of	amphibians, reptiles, birds	and evergreen trees	amphibians, reptiles, birds	the seasons and how day
	everyday materials	and mammals	Identify and describe the	and mammals	length varies.
	Compare and group together a variety of everyday	Identify and name	basic structure of a variety of	Identify and name	C
	materials on the basis of their simple physical properties.	a variety of common	common flowering plants,	a variety of common	LET'S GO SCIENCE TRAIL –
		animals that are carnivores,	including trees.	animals that are carnivores,	Revisit Seasonal Changes
	LET'S GO SCIENCE TRAIL – Seasonal Changes	herbivores and omnivores		herbivores and omnivores	
	Ŭ	Describe and	LET'S GO SCIENCE TRAIL –	Describe and	
		compare the structure of a	Habitats in the school	compare the structure of a	
		variety of common animals	grounds	variety of common animals	SCIENTIST – Mae Jemison
		(fish, amphibians, reptiles,		(fish, amphibians, reptiles,	
		birds and mammals,		birds and mammals,	
		including pets)		including pets)	
		Identify, name,		Identify, name,	
		draw and label the basic		draw and label the basic	
		parts of the human body and say which part of the		parts of the human body and say which part of the	
		body is associated with		body is associated with	
		each sense.		each sense.	
		edch sense.		eden sense.	
U U U		LET'S GO SCIENCE TRAIL -		LET'S GO SCIENCE TRAIL -	
ž		Habitats in the school		Revisit Seasonal Changes	
SCIENCE		arounds		Kevish seasonal changes	
S		9.001.00			
	BEING ME IN MY WORLD CELEBRATING DIFFERENCE	DREAMS AND GOALS	HEALTHY ME	RELATIONSHIPS	CHANGING ME
	Understand the rights What makes us special and	Understanding success and	Ways to keep my body safe	Why I appreciate someone	Identify parts of the body
	and responsibilities for unique.	how it feels.	and healthy.	who is special to me and	and use the correct terms.
<u>۳</u>	being a member of my			how I feel about them.	
PSHE	class.				
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	DRAWING, TEXTURE		FORM, PATTERN		TEXTURE, COLOUR	
	Observational drawing of superheroes: children draw each other in different superhero poses. Use different media: pencil, charcoal, chalk. Work on different scales. Work for different amounts of time (1 minute, 5 minutes,10 minutes, etc) Children use their drawings to create larger collages of their superheroes in action. Research Comic book artist Stan Lee. DIGITAL LITERACY Online Safety Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school	COMPUTER SCIENCE Programming Toys Understand that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions. Create and debug simple programs. Use technology purposefully to create digital content	Design and make a dinosaur out of clay. Research African patterns and modern crafts people using etsy.com. Design their own pattern and decorate bowl in chosen design. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY Computer Skills Use technology purposefully to manipulate and retrieve digital content. Use technology safely and respectfully	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY Painting To use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs	Henri Rouseau 'Surprised' know as 'Tiger in a Tropical Storm'. Make a collage of the tiger or other jungle animal. Collage paper could be printed on in a previous lesson to give a greater range of coloured papers. Create a whole class display. Create a whole class display. Use technology Word processing Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content. Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school.	COMPUTER SCIENCE Scratch To understand that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions. Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs. Create and debug simple programs
YEAR ONE	(Toys) Design and make a toy or doll. Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria. Select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics. Explore and evaluate a range of existing products.		(Up Up and Away) Moving pictures based on Jack and the Beanstalk. Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology. Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing]. Evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria. Explore and use mechanisms (Sliders, linkages, levers), in their products.		(Pirat Fruit kebat Assemble or cook h Understand where Cut, peel or grate ingredier Identify that people should e and vegeta	os / salad ealthy ingredients. food comes from. hts safely and hygienically. eat at least 5 portions of fruit

	GEOGRAPHY	Use fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds. Directional language: near/far/left/right		Use fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their local area. To devise a simple map. To find key human features in an aerial map (city, town, village, beach, shop or house). To use and construct basic symbols in a key. To use simple compass directions (North, South, East, West)		To locate UK in the map. Identify season and daily weather patterns in the UK. Identify the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.	
	HISTORY	Black History	Changes in living memory: To recognise the differences between old and new toys. The lives of significant individuals: Guy Fawkes Remembrance week.		Changes in living memory: To recognise the differences between old and new aeroplanes – Events beyond living memory The Wright Brothers The first aeroplane flight.		Events beyond living memory Smugglers and Pirates The lives of significant individuals: Famous pirates e.g. Blackbeard
	MUSIC	Hey You Listening to Hip Hop Composing own rap	Rhythm in the way we walk and the Banana Rap Listening to Reggae music. Singing and playing instruments with a song Christmas Nativity	In the Groove History of music- Blues, Latin, Folk, Funk, Baroque and Bhangra Singing in different styles.	Round and Round Listen to Latin American music. Learn to sing and play a song focusing on pulse, rhythm and pitch	Your Imagination Listen to film music. Using imagination to create own lyrics.	Reflect, rewind and replay Listening to Western and Classical music. Continue to embed the interrelated dimensions of music. Perform in school 'Sing Off'
YEAR ONE	PE	Wide, Narrow, Curled To apply 'champion gymnastics' to explore movements and balances in a wide way on the floor and on apparatus.	Body Parts To apply 'champion gymnastics' to explore movements and balances using the 'big' parts of our bodies on the floor and on apparatus.	Growing To respond to rhythm and patterns through their movement. To learn how to control and co-ordinate their bodies to perform movements through the 'growing' theme.	The Zoo To respond to the stimulus (big animals) using a range of different, controlled movements showing character expression. To learn how to control and co-ordinate their bodies to perform movements that represent big animals.	Games for Understanding To understand the basic principles of attack. To learn what 'attacking' means and why we attack during a game.	Health and Well bring To consolidate our understanding of agility and when this is applied during sport. To develop different ways of moving at speed and will understand the consequences of not being agile.

	Running 1	Hands 1	Feet 1	Hands 2	Jumping 1	Team Building
	To explore running using different body parts and different techniques and begin to understand how to run efficiently.	To develop bouncing (dribbling). Pupils will understand why we need to keep the ball away from the defender. To explore different ways of sending (passing) the ball to their partner.	To develop their understanding of the meaning of the word, 'control,' and why it is important to keep the ball close to them.	To introduce throwing (underarm). To understand how we throw a bean bag underarm and why.	To recap jumping, in different directions, at different speeds and different levels. To understand the different reasons when, where and why we jump in different ways.	To introduce teamwork. To understand why it is important to include everyone when working as a team and how it feels to be left out. To start to learn and understand what makes an effective team.
	THEME: Creation Story	THEME: Christmas	THEME: Jesus as a friend	THEME: Easter- Palm Sunday	THEME: Shabbat	THEME: Rosh Hashanah
RE	CONCEPT: God/Creation KEY QUESTION: Does God want Christians to look after the world? RELIGIONS: Christianity	CONCEPT: Incarnation KEY QUESTION: What gifts might Christians in my town have given Jesus if he had been born here rather than in Bethlehem? RELIGIONS: Christianity	CONCEPT: Incarnation KEY QUESTION: Was it always easy for Jesus to show friendship? RELIGIONS: Christianity	CONCEPT: Salvation KEY QUESTION: Why was Jesus welcomed like a king or celebrity by the crowds on Palm Sunday? RELIGIONS: Christianity	KEY QUESTION: Is Shabbat important to Jewish children? RELIGIONS: Judaism	and Yom Kippur KEY QUESTION: Are Rosh Hashanah and Yom Kippur important to Jewish children? RELIGIONS: Judaism